## **Abstracts**

## Research Study II - Ecology, Extraction, City: The Making and Unmaking of Kolkata and Its Hinterland by Shatabdi Das, Samaresh Guchhait and Ranabir Samaddar

This research primarily binds together the factors that have gone into the making and unmaking of Kolkata, how activities and economic processes acted as controls for the evolution of the port city and its growth at the cost of ecological damages to the wetland ecosystem constituting the deltaic land that has been shaping the city's attributes; and finally the river basins including the coalfields connected by railways and roadways acting as nodes of development of the secondary urban agglomerations. The paper analyses the impacts of expanding industrial complexes, real estate, infrastructure and concrete constructions into the East Calcutta Wetlands at the cost of pollution and loss of ecosystem services. The future of the wetlands, livelihood and issues of ecological protection draw attention to the emerging legal debates of environmental conservation and economic development in Kolkata together with policies aimed at environmental protection yet those that further trigger destruction of land. The research focuses on the planning area serving as the hinterland of Kolkata port, also a bustling industrialurban corridor in the western part of Bengal that houses iron and steel industries, coalfields, and big cities along with medium-sized towns based on industrial production and extractive economy. The struggles of development to cope with environmental damages is one key aspect that the closing segment of the study looks into, along with the unceasing yet imbalanced (at times) efforts of environmental protection in the coal mining, industrial-urban corridor thriving in a river basin, raising the question of an unceasing process of making and unmaking of cities and their relentless implications that continue to transform the landscape.

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Canadian Institute for Advanced Research (CIFAR) since 2023. He has received the prestigious Rabindra Puroskar Award from the West Bengal Government in April 2025. He belongs to the critical school of thinking and is considered as one of the foremost theorists in the field of migration and forced migration studies. His writings on migration, forms of labour, urbanisation and political struggles have brought in a new turn in post-colonial thinking. Among his popular work are the edited volumes *Karl Marx and the Postcolonial Age* (2018), *Migrants and the Neoliberal City* (2018), the monographs *The Postcolonial Age of Migration* (2020), *A* 

Pandemic and the Politics of Life (2021), Imprints of the Populist Time (2022), Alternative Futures and the Present: Postcolonial Possibilities (2023).



Shatabdi Das is Researcher at the Calcutta Research Group (CRG). She was Junior Visiting Fellow at the Institute for Human Sciences (IWM), Vienna, in Austria (2022), under the 'Europe-Asia Research Platform on Forced Migration'. She is currently doing research on cities, urban and environmental issues, and climate change, and has delivered lectures in several international workshops as well as tutored workshop modules. She has a Ph.D. in Geography from the University of Calcutta (awarded in 2020) for her doctoral thesis on 'the impact of industrial and urban development on the environment of Asansol-

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adaptation.

Samaresh Guchhait received his doctoral degree for Climate Change and Biodiversity of Wetlands from the University of Kalyani. He joined Calcutta Research Group in 2006, where he is currently working. His research focuses on the intersection of climate change, the environment, and wetlands, specifically exploring the role of wetlands in regulating climate, mitigating its effects, and adapting to its impacts. This includes studying the carbon storage capabilities of wetlands, their vulnerability to climate change, and the importance of wetland restoration for both climate change mitigation and